





Q1

[Maximum mark: 4] 

Solve the equation $\log_2(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 1 + \log_2(x - 1)$.


Q2

[Maximum mark: 6] 

Consider the complex number $z = \frac{w_1}{w_2}$ where $w_1 = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}i$ and $w_2 = 3 + \sqrt{3}i$.

- (a) Express w_1 and w_2 in modulus-argument form and write down
- (i) the modulus of z ;
 - (ii) the argument of z . [4]
- (b) Find the smallest positive integer value of n such that z^n is a real number. [2]

Q3

[Maximum mark: 5] 

Solve the equation $15^{4y} = 81^{y+2}$ for y . Express your answer in terms of $\ln 3$ and $\ln 5$.


Q4

[Maximum mark: 4] 

Peter needs to decide the order in which to schedule 14 examinations for his school. Two of these exams are Mathematics (1 SL and 1 HL).

Find the number of ways Peter can schedule the 14 exams given that the two Mathematics subjects must not be consecutive.

Q5

[Maximum mark: 5] 

- (a) Write down the quadratic expression $3x^2 + 5x - 2$ as the product of two linear factors. [1]
- (b) Hence or otherwise, find the coefficient of x^9 in the expansion of $(3x^2 + 5x - 2)^5$. [4]